1 AN ACT

- 2 relating to ad valorem tax relief for an owner of certain property,
- 3 including a residence homestead that is rendered uninhabitable or
- 4 unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, and to a
- 5 restriction on the authority to bring an action to remove a house
- 6 that is partially located on a public beach as a result of a
- 7 meteorological event.
- 8 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF TEXAS:
- 9 SECTION 1. Section 61.018, Natural Resources Code, is
- 10 amended by amending Subsection (a) and adding Subsections (a-1),
- 11 (a-2), and (a-3) to read as follows:
- 12 (a) Except as provided by Subsection (a-1), any [Any] county
- 13 attorney, district attorney, or criminal district attorney, or the
- 14 attorney general at the request of the commissioner, shall file in a
- 15 district court of Travis County, or in the county in which the
- 16 property is located, a suit to obtain either a temporary or
- 17 permanent court order or injunction, either prohibitory or
- 18 mandatory, to remove or prevent any improvement, maintenance,
- 19 obstruction, barrier, or other encroachment on a public beach, or
- 20 to prohibit any unlawful restraint on the public's right of access
- 21 to and use of a public beach or other activity that violates this
- 22 chapter.
- 23 (a-1) A county attorney, district attorney, or criminal
- 24 district attorney or the attorney general may not file a suit under

- 1 Subsection (a) to obtain a temporary or permanent court order or
- 2 injunction, either prohibitory or mandatory, to remove a house from
- 3 a public beach if:
- 4 (1) the line of vegetation establishing the boundary
- 5 of the public beach moved as a result of a meteorological event that
- 6 occurred before January 1, 2009;
- 7 (2) the house was located landward of the natural line
- 8 of vegetation before the meteorological event;
- 9 (3) a portion of the house continues to be located
- 10 landward of the line of vegetation; and
- 11 (4) the house is located on a peninsula in a county
- 12 with a population of more than 250,000 and less than 251,000 that
- 13 borders the Gulf of Mexico.
- 14 (a-2) The owner of a house described by Subsection (a-1) may
- 15 repair or rebuild the house if the house was damaged or destroyed by
- 16 <u>the meteorological event.</u>
- 17 (a-3) Notwithstanding Subsection (a-1), a county attorney,
- 18 district attorney, or criminal district attorney or the attorney
- 19 general may file a suit under Subsection (a) to obtain a temporary
- 20 or permanent court order or injunction, either prohibitory or
- 21 mandatory, to remove a house described by Subsection (a-1) from a
- 22 public beach if the house was damaged or destroyed by the
- 23 meteorological event and the owner of the house fails to repair or
- 24 rebuild the house before September 1, 2013.
- 25 SECTION 2. Subchapter B, Chapter 11, Tax Code, is amended by
- 26 adding Section 11.135 to read as follows:
- 27 Sec. 11.135. CONTINUATION OF RESIDENCE HOMESTEAD EXEMPTION

- 1 WHILE REPLACEMENT STRUCTURE IS CONSTRUCTED; SALE OF PROPERTY. (a) If a qualified residential structure for which the owner receives 2 an exemption under Section 11.13 is rendered uninhabitable or 3 unusable by a casualty or by wind or water damage, the owner may 4 5 continue to receive the exemption for the structure and the land and improvements used in the residential occupancy of the structure 6 7 while the owner constructs a replacement qualified residential 8 structure on the land if the owner does not establish a different principal residence for which the owner receives an exemption under 9 10 Section 11.13 during that period and intends to return and occupy the structure as the owner's principal residence. To continue to 11 12 receive the exemption, the owner must begin active construction of the replacement qualified residential structure or other physical 13 preparation of the site on which the structure is to be located not 14 15 later than the first anniversary of the date the owner ceases to occupy the former qualified residential structure as the owner's 16 17 principal residence. The owner may not receive the exemption for that property under the circumstances described by this subsection 18 19 for more than two years.
- 20 (b) For purposes of Subsection (a), the site of a replacement qualified residential structure is under physical preparation if the owner has engaged in architectural or engineering work, soil testing, land clearing activities, or site improvement work necessary for the construction of the structure or has conducted an environmental or land use study relating to the construction of the structure.
- 27 (c) If an owner receives an exemption for property under

- 1 Section 11.13 under the circumstances described by Subsection (a)
- 2 and sells the property before the owner completes construction of a
- 3 replacement qualified residential structure on the property, an
- 4 additional tax is imposed on the property equal to the difference
- 5 between the taxes imposed on the property for each of the years in
- 6 which the owner received the exemption and the tax that would have
- 7 been imposed had the owner not received the exemption in each of
- 8 those years, plus interest at an annual rate of seven percent
- 9 calculated from the dates on which the differences would have
- 10 become due.
- 11 (d) A tax lien attaches to property on the date a sale under
- 12 the circumstances described by Subsection (c) occurs to secure
- 13 payment of the additional tax and interest imposed by that
- 14 subsection and any penalties incurred. The lien exists in favor of
- 15 <u>all taxing units for which the additional tax is imposed.</u>
- 16 (e) A determination that a sale of property under the
- 17 circumstances described by Subsection (c) has occurred is made by
- 18 the chief appraiser. The chief appraiser shall deliver a notice of
- 19 the determination to the owner of the property as soon as possible
- 20 after making the determination and shall include in the notice an
- 21 explanation of the owner's right to protest the determination. If
- 22 the owner does not file a timely protest or if the final
- 23 determination of the protest is that the additional taxes are due,
- 24 the assessor for each taxing unit shall prepare and deliver a bill
- 25 for the additional taxes plus interest as soon as practicable. The
- 26 taxes and interest are due and become delinquent and incur
- 27 penalties and interest as provided by law for ad valorem taxes

- 1 imposed by the taxing unit if not paid before the next February 1
- 2 that is at least 20 days after the date the bill is delivered to the
- 3 owner of the property.
- 4 (f) The sanctions provided by Subsection (c) do not apply if
- 5 the sale is:
- 6 (1) for right-of-way; or
- 7 (2) to this state or a political subdivision of this
- 8 state to be used for a public purpose.
- 9 (g) The comptroller shall adopt rules and forms to implement
- 10 this section.
- SECTION 3. Subchapter B, Chapter 11, Tax Code, is amended by
- 12 adding Section 11.231 to read as follows:
- 13 Sec. 11.231. NONPROFIT COMMUNITY BUSINESS ORGANIZATION
- 14 PROVIDING ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT SERVICES TO LOCAL COMMUNITY. (a)
- 15 <u>In this section, "nonprofit community business organization" means</u>
- 16 <u>an organization that meets the following requirements:</u>
- 17 (1) the organization has been in existence for at
- 18 least the preceding five years;
- 19 (2) the organization:
- 20 (A) is a nonprofit corporation organized under
- 21 the Texas Non-Profit Corporation Act (Article 1396-1.01 et seq.,
- 22 <u>Vernon's Texas Civil Statutes</u>) or a nonprofit corporation formed
- 23 under the Texas Nonprofit Corporation Law, as described by Section
- 24 1.008, Business Organizations Code;
- 25 (B) is a nonprofit organization described by
- 26 Section 501(c)(6), Internal Revenue Code of 1986; and
- 27 (C) is not a statewide organization;

1	(3) for at least the preceding three years, the			
2	organization has maintained a dues-paying membership of at least 50			
3	members; and			
4	(4) the organization:			
5	(A) has a board of directors elected by the			
6	members;			
7	(B) does not compensate members of the board of			
8	directors for service on the board;			
9	(C) with respect to its activities in this state,			
10	is engaged primarily in performing functions listed in Subsection			
11	<u>(d);</u>			
12	(D) is primarily supported by membership dues and			
13	other income from activities substantially related to its primary			
14	functions; and			
15	(E) is not, has not formed, and does not			
16	financially support a political committee as defined by Section			
17	251.001, Election Code.			
18	(b) An association that qualifies as a nonprofit community			
19	business organization as provided by this section is entitled to ar			
20	<pre>exemption from taxation of:</pre>			
21	(1) the buildings and tangible personal property that:			
22	(A) are owned by the nonprofit community business			
23	organization; and			
24	(B) except as permitted by Subsection (c), are			
25	used exclusively by qualified nonprofit community business			
26	organizations to perform their primary functions; and			
27	(2) the real property owned by the popprofit community			

1	business organization consisting of:			
2	(A) an incomplete improvement that:			
3	(i) is under active construction or other			
4	physical preparation; and			
5	(ii) is designed and intended to be used			
6	exclusively by qualified nonprofit community business			
7	organizations; and			
8	(B) the land on which the incomplete improvement			
9	is located that will be reasonably necessary for the use of the			
10	improvement by qualified nonprofit community business			
11	organizations.			
12	(c) Use of exempt property by persons who are not nonprofit			
13	community business organizations qualified as provided by this			
14	section does not result in the loss of an exemption authorized by			
15	this section if the use is incidental to use by qualified nonprofi			
16	community business organizations and limited to activities that			
17	benefit the beneficiaries of the nonprofit community business			
18	organizations that own or use the property.			
19	(d) To qualify for an exemption under this section, a			
20	nonprofit community business organization must be engaged			
21	primarily in performing one or more of the following functions in			
22	the local community:			
23	(1) promoting the common economic interests of			
24	<pre>commercial enterprises;</pre>			
25	(2) improving the business conditions of one or more			
26	types of business; or			
27	(3) otherwise providing services to aid in economic			

- 1 <u>development</u>.
- 2 (e) In this section, "building" includes the land that is
- 3 reasonably necessary for use of, access to, and ornamentation of
- 4 the building.
- 5 (f) A property may not be exempted under Subsection (b)(2)
- 6 for more than three years.
- 7 (g) For purposes of Subsection (b)(2), an incomplete
- 8 improvement is under physical preparation if the nonprofit
- 9 community business organization has:
- 10 (1) engaged in architectural or engineering work, soil
- 11 testing, land clearing activities, or site improvement work
- 12 necessary for the construction of the improvement; or
- 13 (2) conducted an environmental or land use study
- 14 relating to the construction of the improvement.
- SECTION 4. Section 11.26, Tax Code, is amended by adding
- 16 Subsections (n) and (o) to read as follows:
- 17 (n) Notwithstanding Subsection (c), the limitation on tax
- 18 increases required by this section does not expire if the owner of
- 19 the structure qualifies for an exemption under Section 11.13 under
- 20 the circumstances described by Section 11.135(a).
- 21 (o) Notwithstanding Subsections (a), (a-3), and (b), an
- 22 improvement to property that would otherwise constitute an
- 23 <u>improvement under Subsection (b) is not treated as an improvement</u>
- 24 under that subsection if the improvement is a replacement structure
- 25 for a structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a
- 26 casualty or by wind or water damage. For purposes of appraising the
- 27 property in the tax year in which the structure would have

- 1 constituted an improvement under Subsection (b), the replacement
- 2 structure is considered to be an improvement under that subsection
- 3 only if:
- 4 (1) the square footage of the replacement structure
- 5 exceeds that of the replaced structure as that structure existed
- 6 before the casualty or damage occurred; or
- 7 (2) the exterior of the replacement structure is of
- 8 higher quality construction and composition than that of the
- 9 replaced structure.
- SECTION 5. Section 11.261, Tax Code, is amended by adding
- 11 Subsections (1) and (m) to read as follows:
- 12 (1) Notwithstanding Subsection (d), a limitation on county,
- 13 municipal, or junior college district tax increases provided by
- 14 this section does not expire if the owner of the structure qualifies
- 15 for an exemption under Section 11.13 under the circumstances
- 16 <u>described by Section 11.135(a).</u>
- 17 (m) Notwithstanding Subsections (b) and (c), an improvement
- 18 to property that would otherwise constitute an improvement under
- 19 Subsection (c) is not treated as an improvement under that
- 20 subsection if the improvement is a replacement structure for a
- 21 structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty
- 22 or by wind or water damage. For purposes of appraising the property
- 23 in the tax year in which the structure would have constituted an
- 24 improvement under Subsection (c), the replacement structure is
- 25 considered to be an improvement under that subsection only if:
- 26 (1) the square footage of the replacement structure
- 27 exceeds that of the replaced structure as that structure existed

- 1 before the casualty or damage occurred; or
- 2 (2) the exterior of the replacement structure is of
- 3 higher quality construction and composition than that of the
- 4 replaced structure.
- 5 SECTION 6. Section 11.42(d), Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 6 follows:
- 7 (d) A person who acquires property after January 1 of a tax
- 8 year may receive an exemption authorized by Section 11.17, 11.18,
- 9 11.19, 11.20, 11.21, 11.23, 11.231, or 11.30 for the applicable
- 10 portion of that tax year immediately on qualification for the
- 11 exemption.
- SECTION 7. Section 11.43(c), Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 13 follows:
- 14 (c) An exemption provided by Section 11.13, 11.17, 11.18,
- 15 11.182, 11.183, 11.19, 11.20, 11.21, 11.22, 11.23(h), (j), or
- 16 (j-1), 11.231, 11.29, 11.30, or 11.31, once allowed, need not be
- 17 claimed in subsequent years, and except as otherwise provided by
- 18 Subsection (e), the exemption applies to the property until it
- 19 changes ownership or the person's qualification for the exemption
- 20 changes. However, the chief appraiser may require a person allowed
- 21 one of the exemptions in a prior year to file a new application to
- 22 confirm the person's current qualification for the exemption by
- 23 delivering a written notice that a new application is required,
- 24 accompanied by an appropriate application form, to the person
- 25 previously allowed the exemption.
- SECTION 8. Section 23.23(f), Tax Code, is amended to read as
- 27 follows:

- Notwithstanding Subsections (a) and (e) and except as 1 provided by Subdivision (2), an improvement to property that would 2 3 otherwise constitute a new improvement is not treated as a new improvement if the improvement is a replacement structure for a 4 5 structure that was rendered uninhabitable or unusable by a casualty or by $\underline{\text{wind}}$ [$\underline{\text{mold}}$] or water damage. For purposes of appraising the 6 property under Subsection (a) in the tax year in which the structure 7 8 would have constituted a new improvement:
- 9 (1) the appraised value the property would have had in the preceding tax [last] year if the casualty or damage had not 10 occurred [in which the property was appraised for taxation before 11 the casualty or damage occurred] is considered to be the appraised12 value of the property for that year, regardless of whether that 13 appraised value exceeds the actual appraised value of the property 14 15 for that year as limited by Subsection (a) [last year in which the property was appraised for taxation for purposes of Subsection 16 17 $\frac{(a)(2)(A)}{(a)}$]; and
- 18 (2) the replacement structure is considered to be a 19 new improvement only if:
- (A) the square footage of the replacement

 structure exceeds that of [to the extent it is a significant

 improvement over] the replaced structure as that structure existed

 before the casualty or damage occurred; or
- 24 <u>(B) the exterior of the replacement structure is</u>
 25 <u>of higher quality construction and composition than that of the</u>
 26 <u>replaced structure</u>.
- 27 SECTION 9. This Act applies only to ad valorem taxes imposed

- 1 for a tax year beginning on or after the effective date of this Act.
- 2 SECTION 10. This Act takes effect January 1, 2010.

President of the Senate

Speaker of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 770 was passed by the House on May 7, 2009, by the following vote: Yeas 141, Nays 1, 1 present, not voting; that the House refused to concur in Senate amendments to H.B. No. 770 on May 29, 2009, and requested the appointment of a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; and that the House adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 770 on May 31, 2009, by the following vote: Yeas 144, Nays 0, 1 present, not voting.

Chief Clerk of the House

I certify that H.B. No. 770 was passed by the Senate, with amendments, on May 27, 2009, by the following vote: Yeas 31, Nays 0; at the request of the House, the Senate appointed a conference committee to consider the differences between the two houses; and that the Senate adopted the conference committee report on H.B. No. 770 on May 31, 2009, by the following vote: Yeas 30, Nays 1.

		Secretary of the Senate
APPROVED:		_
	Date	
		_
	Governor	